# Briefing on the Private Healthcare Facilities Ordinance

### Agenda

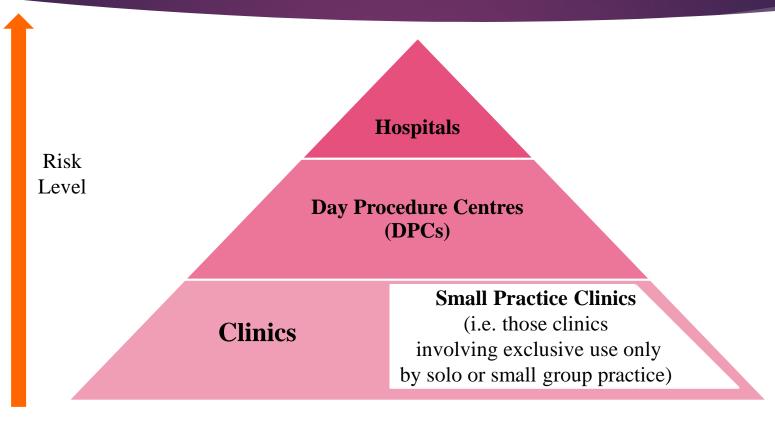
- Introduction to the Private Healthcare Facilities Ordinance
  - ✓ Differentiation between hospitals, day procedure centre (DPC) and clinics
  - Transitional arrangements
  - ✓ Small practice clinics
  - ✓ Licensee, Chief Medical Executive, Medical Advisory Committee
  - Requirements on premises and separate entrance
- Code of Practice and Highlights on Infection Control Measures
- Questions & Answers session

# Introduction to the Private Healthcare Facilities Ordinance

# Private Healthcare Facilities Ordinance (Cap 633)

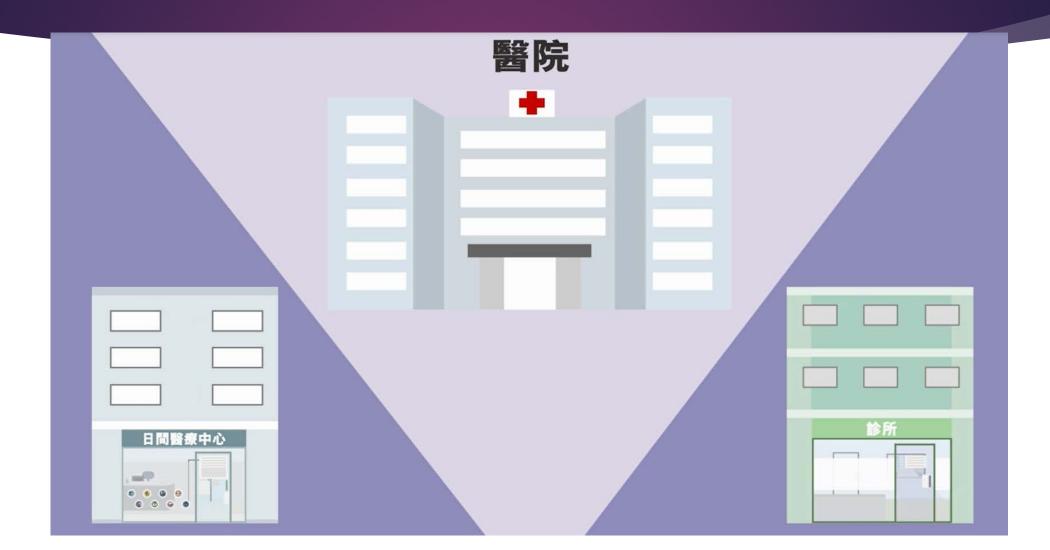
- Passed in November 2018
- Provides for a new regulatory regime for private healthcare facilities (PHFs), for premises where registered medical practitioners and/or dentist practise
- Key licensing requirements:
  - Appointment of Chief Medical Executive
  - ➤ Complying with the requirements of the Ordinance, Conditions of Licence and Code of Practice issued by the Director of Health
  - > Putting in place a Complaints Management System
  - Price Transparency measures

### Q1: What are the types of PHFs to be regulated?



• Health services establishments: Schedule 9 to the Ordinance

### (Animation - Overview on the PHFO)



# Q2: How to differentiate between a hospital, 7 a DPC and a clinic?

	Hospitals	Day Procedure	Clinics
		Centres	
Medical procedure requiring lodging	✓	×	×
Medical procedures which require continuous	✓	×	×
confinement of the patient within the facility for more			
than 12 hours			
Services to pregnant women for and immediately after	✓	×	×
childbirth			
Medical procedures specified in the "Code of Practice	✓	×	×
for Day Procedure Centres" to be conducted only in			
hospitals			
"Scheduled Medical Procedures" specified in Column 2	✓	✓	×
of Schedule 3 to the Ordinance			
Consultation services and "Minor Medical Procedures"	✓	✓	✓
(Such as procedures specified in Section 2 and Column 3			
of Schedule 3 to the Ordinance			

### Scheduled medical procedures

- Procedures specified in Schedule 3 to the Ordinance that are carried out in ambulatory settings
- Include the following eight classes of specialized services
  - Endoscopic procedure
  - Chemotherapy
  - Haemodialysis
  - Interventional radiology and lithotripsy
  - Radiotherapy
  - Surgical procedure
  - Anaesthetic procedure (such as general anaesthesia and deep sedation)
  - Dental procedure
- Refer to Section 2 of the Ordinance on the interpretation of "Scheduled Medical Procedure" and Column 2 of Schedule 3 "Classes of Specialized Services" on the particular medical procedures

Performance of scheduled medical procedures?



# Day procedure centre

\* In operation on 30 Nov 2018 may apply for a **provisional licence** 

No No

Eligible for exemption as small practice clinic?



Small practice clinic LETTER OF EXEMPTION

No

No other doctor/ dentist practise in the clinic

Sole proprietor/

directors who are

practitioner with full

registration/ dentist

≤ 5 partners or

**ALL** medical

Limits on locum days

Clinic LICENCE

\* In operation on 30 Nov 2018 may apply for a **provisional licence** 

### Licence vs Letter of Exemption

	Licence	Letter of exemption		
Applicable PHF	DPC and Clinic	Small Practice Clinic		
Renewal	DPC - 3 years Clinic - 5 years Scheduled Clinic - 1 year	Not required		
Fee	Licence fee depends on scale of DPC / Clinic	No application fee		
Operation standards	Licensing requirements and the Code of Practice	Exemption condition, requirements promulgated by MCHK/DCHK		
Premises	Distinct and separate premises with separate entrance (exception: clinic with provisional licence)			

# Q3: Am I eligible for transitional arrangements (provisional licence)?

#### **Eligible PHFs**

- Day procedure centres (section 135) and clinics (section 136)
  - ✓ in operation on specified date (30 November 2018)
  - ✓ application for licence made within specified period
    - DPC: 2 January 2020 30 April 2020
    - Clinic: To be announced
- Documentary proof of operation of the <u>relevant services</u> at the <u>premises</u> on the <u>specified date</u>. E.g. business registration records, records of procurement / maintenance of equipment / drugs

### Provisional licence vs full licence

#### **Provisional licence**

Applicable to DPC/clinic in operation on 30 Nov 2018 only

Documentary proof of operation of the relevant services at the premises on 30 Nov 2018

Will be followed by processing of full licence application

Valid until 1) a full licence is issued,
2) the application of full licence is
refused or withdrawn or
3) a date specified by SFH

#### **Full licence**

Applicable to **ALL** DPC and clinic

Proof of compliance of all licensing requirements and the Code of Practice

Renewal every 3-5 years
\*Licences of scheduled clinics valid for one year

# O4: Is my clinic eligible for exemption (i.e. as a small practice clinic)? (Animation – small practice clinics)



- My clinic is operated through a company which has 5 directors including myself
- Amongst the directors of our company, 2 are medical practitioners under full registration, 3 are registered dentist
- All directors, and no one else, practise in this clinic

✓ No. of company directors <=5</p>

- I am the sole proprietor operating a clinic
- I take 4 months of annual leave in a year
- When I am on leave, my clinic is closed

# ✓ Locum time not exceeding 60 days

- My clinic is operated through a company which has 4 directors including myself (all are medical practitioners under full registration)
- Each of us takes 6 weeks (42 days) of annual leave in a year, and our duties are taken up by locums



- My clinic is operated through a partnership which has 5 partners including myself
- Amongst the partners of our clinic, 3 are medical practitioners under full registration, 1 is a registered dentist, and 1 is a physiotherapist



Not all partners are medical practitioners under full registration or registered dentists

- My clinic is operated through a company of 5 directors, all of which are medical practitioners under full registration
- We are planning to re-structure the company, with the replacement of 2 directors in the directors board
- To facilitate a smooth transition, we are contemplating to expand the directors board by including the two new directors briefly for 3 months, and then exit of 2 directors afterwards



No. of company directors > 5

- My clinic is operated through a partnership of 5 partners including myself
- We all practice in the clinic
- 4 of our partners are registered medical practitioners under full registration, and the other is a registered dentist
- We also regularly engage two friends to serve in the clinic, one is a doctor under full registration and the other is a registered dentist



Not permissible to engage other doctors/dentists to practice

- I am the only registered doctor having full registration working full time in my clinic as a sole proprietor
- I normally take 2 months off during the summer and 2 months off during winter, and hire a locum who works 6 days a week for the entire period while I am on leave



# Locum time exceeding 60 days

- My clinic is operated through a partnership of 5 partners who are all medical practitioners under full registration, including myself
- Each of us plan to take 2 months off in a year, and plan to hire locums for the entire periods which we are on leave



# Cumulative locum time exceeding 180 days

- I have 5 clinics, each of them fulfills the criteria of a small practice clinic
- Can I apply letters of exemptions for all 5 clinics?



In the capacity of more than 3 small practice clinics

### (Animation - Requirements on Governance and Premises)



# Q5: What are the roles for Licensee, and Chief Medical Executive (CME)?

Applicable to licensed PHFs
 (i.e. not for small practice clinics being exempted)



- ✓ Wholly responsible for the operation of the PHF
  - Ensuring the facility's compliance with the condition of licence, code of practice
  - Setting up and enforcing relevant rules, policies and procedures
- ✓ Appointing the CME

Chief Medical Executive

- ✓ Taking charge of the PHF's day to day administration.
- ✓ Different requirements on CME for different types of PHFs

## Requirements on CME

	Hospital	DPC	Clinic	Group of ≥ 4 clinics operated by the same licensee
General	<ul> <li>Must possess the necessary qualifications and experience</li> <li>Must be physically and mentally fit to administer a PHF</li> <li>Must be of integrity and good character</li> </ul>			
Qualifications	Registered medical practitioner	<ul> <li>Medical practice: Registered medical practitioner</li> <li>Dental practice: Registered dentist</li> <li>Combined medical and dental practices: Registered medical practitioner (with a registered dentist appointed to assist CME)</li> </ul>		
Experience (Registered in HK)	≥ 15 years	≥ 6 years	≥ 4 years	≥8 years

### Requirements on CME (cont'd)

	Hospital	DPC	Clinic	Group of ≥ 4 clinics operated by the same licensee
Others	Must not serve as CME of another PHF at the same time	Must not ser of –  More than clinics; or  More than and one cleared except for the the column of	n two DPCs; n three n one DPC linic, ne case at	A person may serve as CME of ≥ 4 clinics of the same licensee at the same time, provided that —  ➤ A Medical Advisory Committee is established for the clinics;  ➤ For each clinic, a registered medical practitioner / registered dentist serving the clinic is appointed to assist CME; and  ➤ The person does not serve as CME of another PHF at the same time

# Q6: When do I need to set up a Medical Advisory Committee (MAC)?



Both licensee and CME are responsible for ensuring that MAC's advice is properly implemented

MAC to be established by the licensee -

- hospital, or
- A group of clinics (≥ 4 clinics) and appoint the same CME

# Q7: When should I apply for a licence / letter of exemption?

Types of PHFs	Commencement of Licence Application	First batch of Licences Taking Effect	All Facilities Operating with Licence
Hospital	2 July 2019	Early 2021 (Full only)	Early 2021
Day Procedure Centre	2 January 2020	Early 2021 (Full/provisional)	To be determined
Clinics	2021 (at the earliest)#	To be determined	To be determined

<sup>#</sup> Timeline equally applies to request for exemption of Small Practice Clinics

# Q8: What should I do to get ready for applying a licence?

- Set up distinct and separate premises for your facility
  - ► Ensure the entrance is separate and not shared with any premises that serve a purpose not reasonably incidental to the type of your facility
- Appoint a CME with qualifications commensurate with the type of your facility
- Set up an MAC if you are going to operate a group of 4 or more clinics and appoints 1
   CME
- Comply with requirements in the Code of Practice issued by the Director of Health
- Put into practice a suitable complaints management system, and price transparency measures

### Complaints Management System

A two-tier complaints handling system is proposed

First Tier

- PHF to manage complaints at source
- Licensee to put in place a complaints handling procedure

Second Tier  Unresolved complaints to be handled according to a centralized mechanism (Committee on Complaints against Private Healthcare Facilities)

## Price Transparency

	Hospital	Day Procedure Centre (DPC)	Clinic
Provision of Fee Schedules / Price Information	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Provision of Budget Estimates	✓	<del>-</del>	-
Disclosure of Historical Bill Sizes Statistics	✓	-	-

# Code of Practice and Highlights on Infection Control Measures

### Code of Practice for Day Procedure Centres

**Code of Practice** 

for Day Procedure Centres

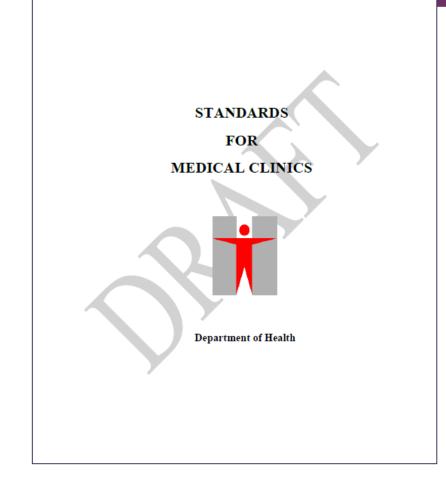


Gazetted on 9 August 2019

Applicable to all DPCs – may carry out scheduled medical procedures on patients without lodging

Compliance is a condition for issuance and renewal of licences

### Draft Standards for Medical Clinics



Will be updated and adopted as Code of Practice for Clinics

# Code of practice – Framework for DPCs and Clinics

- Management / governance
- Physical conditions
- Service delivery and care process
- Infection control
- Resuscitation and contingency

- Staffing
- Equipment
- Accommodation
- Policies and Procedures

# Code of practice – Framework for DPCs and Clinics

- Management / governance
- Physical conditions
- Service delivery and care process
- ▶ Infection control
- Resuscitation and contingency

# Requirements in Code of Practice for DPCs

#### General (Core Standards)

- Infection control policies and procedures
- Cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation of medical equipment

#### Specific examples

- Surgical procedures
- Operating rooms

# Infection Control Policies and Procedures

- Written policies and procedures with reference to guidelines promulgated by relevant health and professional authorities, for example:
  - Guide to Infection Control in Clinic Setting (Centre for Health Protection, DH)
  - Recommendations on Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (Centre for Health Protection, DH)
  - Guidelines on Infection Control in Anaesthesia (Hong Kong College of Anaesthesiologists)
- Active infection control programme to prevent, identify and control infections
- Appropriate and adequate stocks of personal protective equipment
- Report of statutorily notifiable infectious diseases

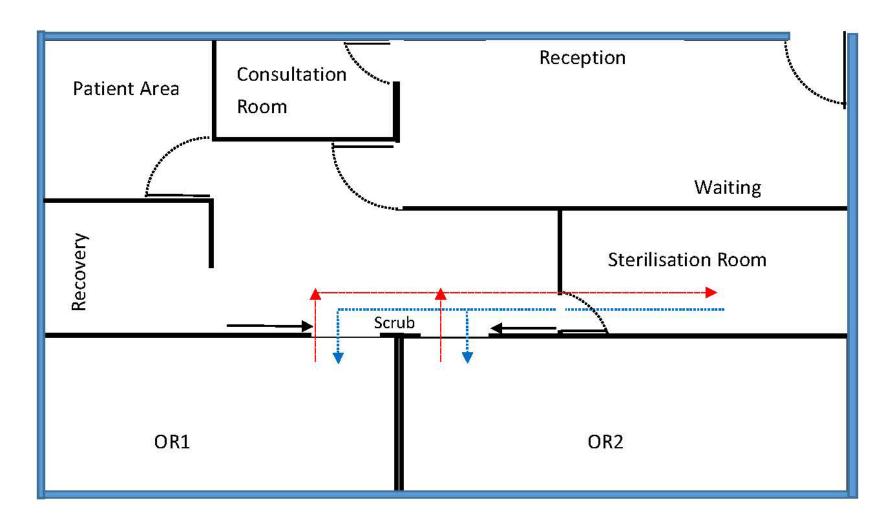
# Cleaning, Disinfection and Sterilisation of Medical Equipment

Items	Requirements
Disposable equipment	<ul> <li>Policies and procedures on use</li> </ul>
Reusable equipment and supplies	<ul> <li>Proper process and sterilization as appropriate</li> <li>Method of control to assure cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation</li> </ul>
Sterile equipment and supplies	<ul><li>Stored in clean and dry area</li><li>System for regular checking of expiry</li></ul>
Sterilising equipment	<ul> <li>Regularly inspected and maintained with proper documentation</li> <li>Relevant staff are appropriately trained in the use of sterilising equipment</li> </ul>

# Infection Control Requirements for Surgical Procedures

- Equipment reprocessing area and sterile stores
  - One-way dirty to clean traffic flow
- Infection control policies and procedures
  - Standard precautions
  - Use of aseptic techniques
  - Environmental cleansing and disinfection
  - Cleaning, disinfection and sterilization, and storage of surgical and/or anaesthetic equipment
  - ► Monitoring of effectiveness of infection control measures

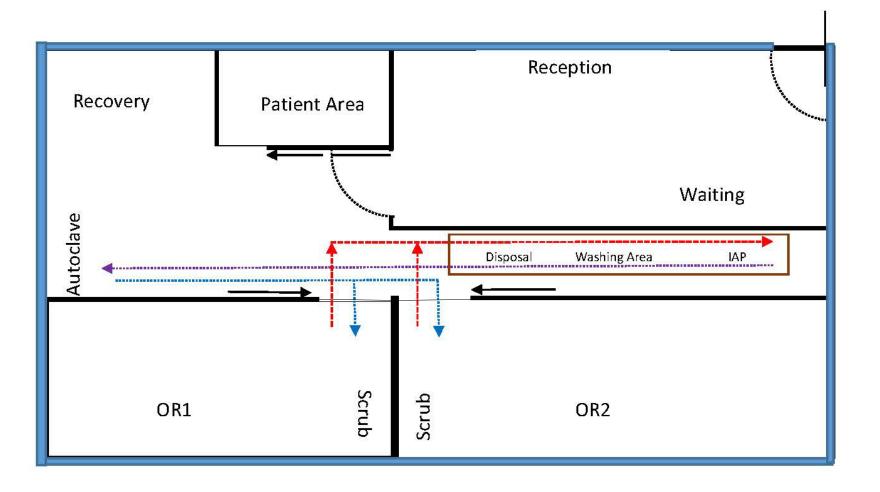
#### Day Procedure Centre - Common layout



#### Notes:

- After Autoclave and cooling, equipment are put in a disinfected and sealed box for transportation
- Used instrument and sterile
   instrument transportation should be
   segregated by time slot
- 3. Arrows → are sliding doors
- 4. ---- Used instrument path
- 5. Sterile instrument path
- Carts/ Trolleys are washed
   (disinfected) at Disposal and Washing
   Area of the Sterilisation Room

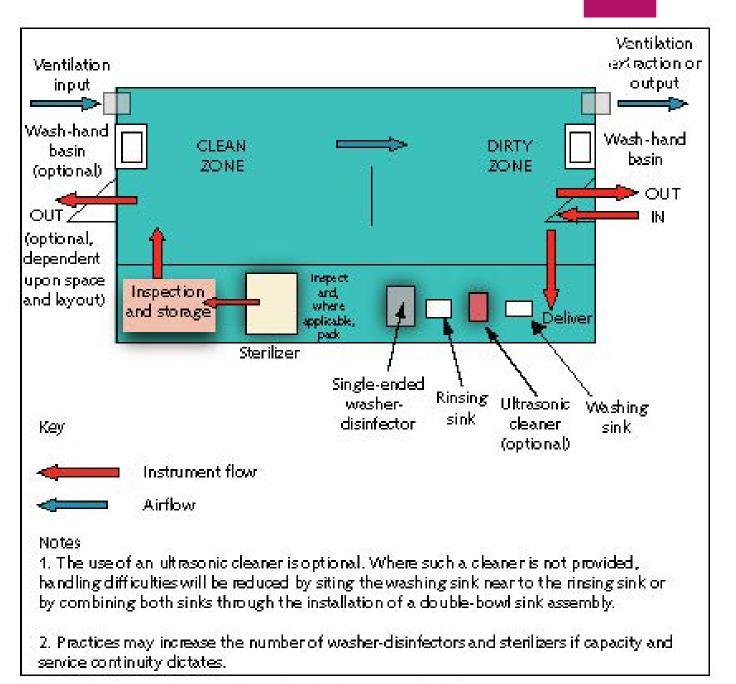
#### **Day Procedure Centre- Not Preferred**



#### Notes:

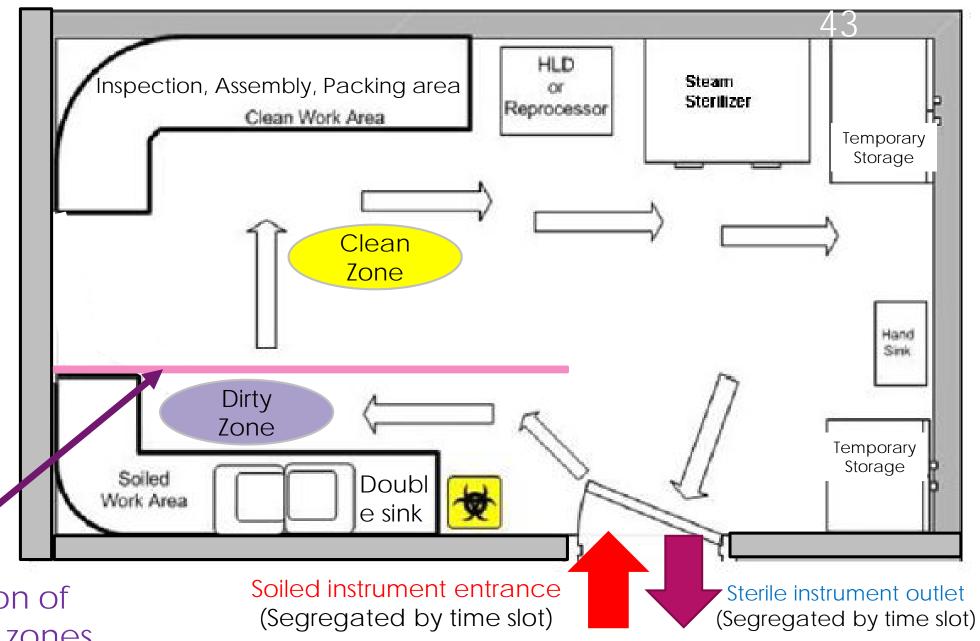
- 1. Arrows —— are sliding doors
- 2. Used instrument path
- 3. Clean instrument path
- 4. Sterile instrument path

Principles of one-way direction and example layout for single decontamination room



Workflow for decontamination process

- One way direction
- Dirty to clean workflow
- Segregation
  - Physical (preferred)
  - Time slot



Clear delineation of dirty and clean zones

# Infection Control Requirements for Operating Rooms

- Maintained at acceptable level of sterility
- ► The ceiling, walls and floors are made from materials that can be easily cleaned and disinfected
- Equipped with specialized ventilation system of internationally acceptable standards of air quality
- Ventilation system is regularly inspected and maintained with documentation
- Adequate area for scrub and gowning

### More information

# Website of the Office for Regulation of Private Healthcare Facilities:

www.orphf.gov.hk

### **Q&A** Session

